

LAMPIRAN

LAMPIRAN

Listing Program

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;                               Program Mesin Pengatur Antrian  
;                               oleh Galih Wibowo Koselan  
;                               5103094033  
;                               30 Juli 2002  
-----
```

```
      .DATA  
      ORG 30H  
ANTRIAN DS 1  
DIGIT01 DS 1 ;Digit 7 Segment untuk tampilan  
DIGIT02 DS 1 ;Tanggal dan Bulan  
DIGIT03 DS 1  
DIGIT04 DS 1  
DIGIT05 DS 1 ;Digit Printer Antrian  
DIGIT06 DS 1 ;Digit Printer Antrian  
DIGIT07 DS 1 ;Digit 7 Segment untuk nomor antrian  
DIGIT08 DS 1  
DIGIT09 DS 1  
DIGIT10 DS 1  
DIGIT11 DS 1 ;Digit Printer Pemenuhan  
DIGIT12 DS 1 ;Digit Printer Pemenuhan  
DIGIT13 DS 1 ;Digit 7 Segment untuk tampilan  
DIGIT14 DS 1 ;Tahun  
TANGGAL DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Tanggal  
BULAN DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Bulan  
TAHUN DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Tahun  
TAMPUNG01 DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Jumlah Antrian  
TAMPUNG02 DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Jumlah Pelayanan  
TAMPUNG03 DS 1 ;Untuk Variabel Jumlah Pemenuhan  
TAMPUNG04 DS 1  
TAMPUNG05 DS 1  
TAMPUNG06 DS 1  
TAMPUNG07 DS 1
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      .CODE  
      ORG 00H  
      AJMP START  
  
      ORG 50H
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;      Inisialisasi Awal  
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IA      CLR P3.6 ;Matikan Speaker  
      MOV R0,#TANGGAL  
      MOV BULAN,#1
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MOV    TANGGAL, #1
MOV    TAHUN, #1
MOV    TAMPUNG01, #0
MOV    TAMPUNG02, #0
MOV    TAMPUNG03, #0
MOV    ANTRIAN, #0
MOV    DIGIT01, #17H
MOV    DIGIT02, #0BH
MOV    DIGIT03, #1DH
MOV    DIGIT04, #0EH
MOV    DIGIT05, #0
MOV    DIGIT06, #0
MOV    DIGIT07, #07H
MOV    DIGIT08, #0BH
MOV    DIGIT09, #0DH
MOV    DIGIT10, #0EH
MOV    DIGIT11, #0
MOV    DIGIT12, #0
MOV    DIGIT13, #0BH
MOV    DIGIT14, #17H
MOV    TAMPUNG07, DIGIT04
MOV    TAMPUNG06, DIGIT03
MOV    TAMPUNG05, DIGIT02
MOV    TAMPUNG04, DIGIT01
RET

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;-----
;      Strobe
;-----

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STROBE    SETB    P0.7      ;Mengirim Sinyal High
           NOP          ;Mengirim Delay
           NOP
           CLR     P0.7      ;Mengirim Sinyal Low
           NOP          ;Mengirim Delay
           NOP
           JB     P0.6,$     ;Mengirim Sinyal Low ke Kaki Busy
           RET

```

```

;-----
;      Inisialisasi Printer
;-----

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```

IP        MOV     A, #27     ;command mode
           ACALL   STROBE
           MOV     A, #64     ;reset printer
           ACALL   STROBE
           RET

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;-----
;      Mode Printer
;-----

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BK        MOV     P2, #1BH   ;Batas Kiri
           ACALL   STROBE
           MOV     P2, #6CH
           ACALL   STROBE
           MOV     P2, #10
           ACALL   STROBE

```

```

RET

BS      MOV    P2,#1BH      ;Huruf Besar
        ACALL  STROBE
        MOV    P2,#45H
        ACALL  STROBE
        RET

DBS     MOV    P2,#1BH      ;Double Besar
        ACALL  STROBE
        MOV    P2,#0EH
        ACALL  STROBE
        RET

RESET   MOV    P2,#1BH      ;Reset Double Besar
        ACALL  STROBE
        MOV    P2,#46H
        ACALL  STROBE
        RET

LF      MOV    P2,#0AH      ;Line Feed
        ACALL  STROBE
        RET

;-----
;      Delay
;-----
DELAY   MOV    R7,#0FFH     ;Melakukan Perhitungan sebagai
D01     MOV    R6,#0FFH     ;Delay
        DJNZ  R6,$
        DJNZ  R7,D01
        RET

;-----
;      Cetak Nomor Antrian
;-----
CNA     MOV    A,TAMPUNG01
        MOV    B,#10
        CLR   C
        DIV  AB
        ADD  A,#30H
        MOV  DIGIT06,A
        MOV  A,B
        ADD  A,#30H
        MOV  DIGIT05,A
EscCNA  RET

;-----
;      Cetak
;-----
C       MOV    A,#0
        MOVC  A,@A+DPTR
        JZ   EscC
        MOV  P2,A
        ACALL STROBE
        INC  DPTR

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                SJMP C
EscC            RET

;-----
;      Cetak Huruf
;-----
CH             ADD    A,#30H
                MOV    P2,A
                ACALL STROBE
                RET

;-----
;      Cetak Spasi Dan -
;-----
CS             MOV    P2,#20H
                ACALL STROBE
                MOV    P2,#2DH
                ACALL STROBE
                MOV    P2,#20H
                ACALL STROBE
                RET

;-----
;      Cetak Tahun
;-----
CThn           MOV    P2,#32H
                ACALL STROBE
                MOV    P2,#30H
                ACALL STROBE
                MOV    A,DIGIT13
                SWAP  A
                ANL   A,#0FH
                ADD   A,#30H
                MOV    P2,A
                ACALL STROBE
                MOV    A,DIGIT14
                SWAP  A
                ANL   A,#0FH
                ADD   A,#30H
                MOV    P2,A
                ACALL STROBE
                RET

KATA1          DB    'Tanggal : ',0
KATA2          DB    'Anda berada pada antrian',0
KATA3          DB    'NO : ',0

;-----
;      Print Nomor Antrian
;-----
PNA            ACALL BK           ;Batas Kiri
                MOV    DPTR,#KATA1
                ACALL C           ;Cetak
                MOV    A,DIGIT04
                SWAP  A
                ANL   A,#0FH

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```

ACALL CH
MOV  A,DIGIT03
SWAP A
ANL  A,#0FH
ACALL CH
ACALL CS
MOV  A,DIGIT02
SWAP A
ANL  A,#0FH
ACALL CH
MOV  A,DIGIT01
SWAP A
ANL  A,#0FH
ACALL CH
ACALL CS
ACALL CThn

ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
MOV  DPTR,#KATA2
ACALL C           ;Cetak

ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
MOV  DPTR,#KATA3
ACALL BS
ACALL DBS
ACALL C           ;Cetak
MOV  P2,DIGIT06
ACALL STROBE
MOV  P2,DIGIT05
ACALL STROBE
ACALL RESET

MOV  R5,#5
PNA01 ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
      DJNZ R5,PNA01
      RET

```

```

;-----
;      Cetak Nomor Antrian yg Dilayani
;-----
CNAYD  INC  ANTRIAN
      MOV  R5,ANTRIAN
      CJNE R5,#100,CNAYD01
      MOV  ANTRIAN,#01
CNAYD01 MOV  A,ANTRIAN
      MOV  B,#10
      DIV  AB
      SWAP A
      ORL  A,#0EH
      MOV  DIGIT10,A
      MOV  A,B
      SWAP A
      ORL  A,#0DH
      MOV  DIGIT09,A
      RET

```

```

;-----
;      Menampilkan Ke 7 Segmen
;-----
SEVEN      MOV    P1,DIGIT07
           SETB   P1.3
           MOV    P1,DIGIT08
           SETB   P1.2
           MOV    P1,DIGIT09
           SETB   P1.1
           MOV    P1,DIGIT10
           SETB   P1.0
           RET

;-----
;      Menampilkan Ke 7 Segmen
;-----
SEVEN02    MOV    P1,TAMPUNG04
           SETB   P1.3
           MOV    P1,TAMPUNG05
           SETB   P1.2
           MOV    P1,TAMPUNG06
           SETB   P1.1
           MOV    P1,TAMPUNG07
           SETB   P1.0
           RET

;-----
;      Speaker
;-----
SPK        SETB   P3.6
           MOV    R5,#7
SPK01      ACALL  DELAY
           DJNZ   R5,SPK01
           CLR    P3.6
           RET

;-----
;      Costumer Servis Menekan Tombol
;-----
CSMT       INC    TAMPUNG02
           CLR    C
           MOV    A,TAMPUNG01
           MOV    R1,TAMPUNG02
           SUBB   A,R1
           JNC    CSMT01
           DEC    TAMPUNG02
           SJMP   EscCSMT
CSMT01     ACALL  CNAYD      ;Cetak Nomor Antrian yg Dilayani
           ACALL  SPK
EscCSMT    RET

;-----
;      Cek Tombol Bawah
;-----
CTB        JB    P0.2,EscCTB      ;BAWAH
           DEC    @R0

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```

                CJNE  R0, #TANGGAL, CTB02
                CJNE  @R0, #0, CTB01
CTB01          MOV   @R0, #31
                MOV   A, @R0
                MOV   B, #10
                DIV  AB
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #0EH
                MOV  DIGIT04, A
                MOV  A, B
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #0DH
                MOV  DIGIT03, A
                MOV  TAMPUNG07, DIGIT04
                MOV  TAMPUNG06, DIGIT03
                MOV  TAMPUNG05, DIGIT02
                MOV  TAMPUNG04, DIGIT01
                SJMP CTB06

CTB02          CJNE  R0, #BULAN, CTB04
                CJNE  @R0, #0, CTB03
CTB03          MOV   @R0, #12
                MOV   A, @R0
                MOV   B, #10
                DIV  AB
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #0BH
                MOV  DIGIT02, A
                MOV  A, B
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #07H
                MOV  DIGIT01, A
                MOV  TAMPUNG07, DIGIT04
                MOV  TAMPUNG06, DIGIT03
                MOV  TAMPUNG05, DIGIT02
                MOV  TAMPUNG04, DIGIT01
                SJMP CTB06

CTB04          CJNE  @R0, #0, CTB05
CTB05          MOV   @R0, #99
                MOV   A, @R0
                MOV   B, #10
                DIV  AB
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #0BH
                MOV  DIGIT13, A
                MOV  A, B
                SWAP A
                ORL  A, #07H
                MOV  DIGIT14, A
                MOV  TAMPUNG07, #2EH
                MOV  TAMPUNG06, #0DH
                MOV  TAMPUNG05, DIGIT13
                MOV  TAMPUNG04, DIGIT14

CTB06          JNB  P0.2, *           ;Switch dilepas ?

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                ACALL DELAY
EscCTB         RET

;-----
;      Cek Tombol Atas
;-----
CTA           JB      P0.1, EscCTA      ; ATAS
              INC     @R0
              CJNE   R0, #TANGGAL, CTA02
              CJNE   @R0, #32, CTA01
              MOV    @R0, #1
CTA01        MOV    A, @R0
              MOV    B, #10
              DIV   AB
              SWAP  A
              ORL   A, #0EH
              MOV   DIGIT04, A
              MOV   A, B
              SWAP  A
              ORL   A, #0DH
              MOV   DIGIT03, A
              MOV   TAMPUNG07, DIGIT04
              MOV   TAMPUNG06, DIGIT03
              MOV   TAMPUNG05, DIGIT02
              MOV   TAMPUNG04, DIGIT01
              SJMP  CTA06

CTA02        CJNE   R0, #BULAN, CTA04
              CJNE   @R0, #13, CTA03
CTA03        MOV    @R0, #1
              MOV    A, @R0
              MOV    B, #10
              DIV   AB
              SWAP  A
              ORL   A, #0BH
              MOV   DIGIT02, A
              MOV   A, B
              SWAP  A
              ORL   A, #07H
              MOV   DIGIT01, A
              MOV   TAMPUNG07, DIGIT04
              MOV   TAMPUNG06, DIGIT03
              MOV   TAMPUNG05, DIGIT02
              MOV   TAMPUNG04, DIGIT01
              SJMP  CTA06

CTA04        CJNE   @R0, #100, CTA05
CTA05        MOV    @R0, #1
              MOV    A, @R0
              MOV    B, #10
              DIV   AB
              SWAP  A
              ORL   A, #0BH
              MOV   DIGIT13, A
              MOV   A, B
              SWAP  A

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        ORL    A,#07H
        MOV    DIGIT14,A
        MOV    TAMPUNG07,#2EH
        MOV    TAMPUNG06,#0DH
        MOV    TAMPUNG05,DIGIT13
        MOV    TAMPUNG04,DIGIT14

CTA06    JNB    P0.1,*           ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL DELAY
EscCTA   RET

;-----
;      Cek Tombol Enter
;-----
CTE      JB     P0.0,EscCTE     ;Cek Tombol Enter
        INC    R0
        CJNE   R0,#TAHUN+1,CTE02
        MOV    R0,#TANGGAL

CTE02    CJNE   R0,#TAHUN,CTE03
        MOV    TAMPUNG07,#2EH
        MOV    TAMPUNG06,#0DH
        MOV    TAMPUNG05,DIGIT13
        MOV    TAMPUNG04,DIGIT14
        SJMP   CTE04

CTE03    MOV    TAMPUNG07,DIGIT04
        MOV    TAMPUNG06,DIGIT03
        MOV    TAMPUNG05,DIGIT02
        MOV    TAMPUNG04,DIGIT01

CTE04    JNB    P0.0,*           ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL DELAY
EscCTE   RET

;-----
;      Cetak Jumlah Pemenuhan
;-----
CJP      MOV    A,TAMPUNG03
        MOV    B,#10
        CLR    C
        DIV   AB
        ADD   A,#30H
        MOV   DIGIT12,A
        MOV   A,B
        ADD   A,#30H
        MOV   DIGIT11,A
EscCJP   RET

;-----
;      Pengantri Menekan Tombol
;-----
PMT      INC    TAMPUNG03
        CLR    C
        MOV    A,TAMPUNG02
        MOV    R1,TAMPUNG03

```

```

SUBB  A,R1
JNC   EscPMT
DEC   TAMPUNG03
EscPMT RET

KATA4  DB   'Antrian yang Memenuhi Panggilan',0
KATA5  DB   'Sebanyak : ',0

```

```

;-----
;   Print Jumlah Pemenuhan
;-----
PJP    ACALL BK           ;Batas Kiri
      MOV  DPTR,#KATA1
      ACALL C             ;Cetak
      MOV  A,DIGIT04
      SWAP A
      ANL  A,#0FH
      ACALL CH
      MOV  A,DIGIT03
      SWAP A
      ANL  A,#0FH
      ACALL CH
      ACALL CS
      MOV  A,DIGIT02
      SWAP A
      ANL  A,#0FH
      ACALL CH
      MOV  A,DIGIT01
      SWAP A
      ANL  A,#0FH
      ACALL CH
      ACALL CS
      ACALL CThn

      ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
      MOV  DPTR,#KATA4
      ACALL C             ;Cetak

      ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
      MOV  DPTR,#KATA5
      ACALL BS
      ACALL DBS
      ACALL C             ;Cetak
      MOV  P2,DIGIT12
      ACALL STROBE
      MOV  P2,DIGIT11
      ACALL STROBE
      ACALL RESET

PJP01  MOV  R5,#5
      ACALL LF           ;Line Feed
      DJNZ R5,PJP01
      RET

```

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;-----
;   Cek Tombol

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```

;-----
CT      JB      P0.5,S02      ;Cek tombol printer
        INC     TAMPUNG01
        ACALL  CNA           ;Cetak Nomor Antrian
        ACALL  PNA           ;Print Nomor Antrian
        JNB   P0.5,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

S02     JB      P0.4,S03      ;Cek tombol Costumer Servis 1
        ACALL  DELAY
        ACALL  CSMT
        MOV   DIGIT07,#17H    ;Menampilkan ruang
        MOV   DIGIT08,#0BH
        JNB   P0.4,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

S03     JB      P0.3,S04      ;Cek tombol Costumer Servis 2
        ACALL  DELAY
        ACALL  CSMT
        MOV   DIGIT07,#27H    ;Menampilkan ruang
        MOV   DIGIT08,#0BH
        JNB   P0.3,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

S04     JB      P3.1,S05      ;Cek tombol Pemenuhan 1
        ACALL  DELAY
        ACALL  PMT
        JNB   P3.1,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

S05     JB      P3.2,S06      ;Cek tombol Pemenuhan 2
        ACALL  DELAY
        ACALL  PMT
        JNB   P3.2,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

S06     JB      P3.3,EscCT    ;Cek tombol Cetak Jumlah
        ACALL  DELAY         ;Pemenuhan
        ACALL  CJP
        ACALL  PJP
        JNB   P0.3,*         ;Switch dilepas ?
        ACALL  DELAY

EscCT   RET

```

```

;-----
;      Program Utama
;-----

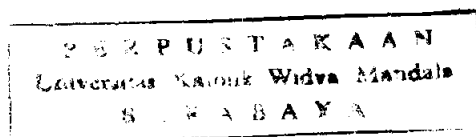
```

```

START   ACALL  IA
        ACALL  IP
        ACALL  DELAY
        ACALL  DELAY

START01 JB      P3.0,START02
        ACALL  CTB
        ACALL  CTA

```



```
ACALL CTE  
ACALL SEVEN02  
SJMP START01
```

```
START02 ACALL CT  
ACALL SEVEN  
SJMP START01
```

| SCHEDULE | | | | SCHEDULE | | | | SCHEDULE | | | | SCHEDULE | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------|------|----------|---------------|----------|------|----------|---------------|----------|------|----------|---------------|----------|------|
| NO. | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | QTY | NO. | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | QTY | NO. | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | QTY | NO. | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | QTY |
| 1 | Excavation | cubic yd | 100 | 1 | Excavation | cubic yd | 100 | 1 | Excavation | cubic yd | 100 | 1 | Excavation | cubic yd | 100 |
| 2 | Foundation | sq ft | 200 | 2 | Foundation | sq ft | 200 | 2 | Foundation | sq ft | 200 | 2 | Foundation | sq ft | 200 |
| 3 | Concrete | cu yd | 50 | 3 | Concrete | cu yd | 50 | 3 | Concrete | cu yd | 50 | 3 | Concrete | cu yd | 50 |
| 4 | Reinforcement | lb | 1000 | 4 | Reinforcement | lb | 1000 | 4 | Reinforcement | lb | 1000 | 4 | Reinforcement | lb | 1000 |
| 5 | Formwork | sq ft | 1000 | 5 | Formwork | sq ft | 1000 | 5 | Formwork | sq ft | 1000 | 5 | Formwork | sq ft | 1000 |
| 6 | Brickwork | sq ft | 1000 | 6 | Brickwork | sq ft | 1000 | 6 | Brickwork | sq ft | 1000 | 6 | Brickwork | sq ft | 1000 |
| 7 | Masonry | sq ft | 1000 | 7 | Masonry | sq ft | 1000 | 7 | Masonry | sq ft | 1000 | 7 | Masonry | sq ft | 1000 |
| 8 | Plaster | sq ft | 1000 | 8 | Plaster | sq ft | 1000 | 8 | Plaster | sq ft | 1000 | 8 | Plaster | sq ft | 1000 |
| 9 | Paint | sq ft | 1000 | 9 | Paint | sq ft | 1000 | 9 | Paint | sq ft | 1000 | 9 | Paint | sq ft | 1000 |
| 10 | Roofing | sq ft | 1000 | 10 | Roofing | sq ft | 1000 | 10 | Roofing | sq ft | 1000 | 10 | Roofing | sq ft | 1000 |
| 11 | Insulation | sq ft | 1000 | 11 | Insulation | sq ft | 1000 | 11 | Insulation | sq ft | 1000 | 11 | Insulation | sq ft | 1000 |
| 12 | Windows | sq ft | 1000 | 12 | Windows | sq ft | 1000 | 12 | Windows | sq ft | 1000 | 12 | Windows | sq ft | 1000 |
| 13 | Doors | sq ft | 1000 | 13 | Doors | sq ft | 1000 | 13 | Doors | sq ft | 1000 | 13 | Doors | sq ft | 1000 |
| 14 | Interior | sq ft | 1000 | 14 | Interior | sq ft | 1000 | 14 | Interior | sq ft | 1000 | 14 | Interior | sq ft | 1000 |
| 15 | Exterior | sq ft | 1000 | 15 | Exterior | sq ft | 1000 | 15 | Exterior | sq ft | 1000 | 15 | Exterior | sq ft | 1000 |

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BCD-To-Seven Segment Latch/Decoder/Driver

The MC14511B BCD-to-seven segment latch/decoder/driver is constructed with complementary MOS (CMOS) enhancement mode devices and NPN bipolar output drivers in a single monolithic structure. The circuit provides the functions of a 4-bit storage latch, an 8421 BCD-to-seven segment decoder, and an output drive capability. Lamp test (LT), blanking (BI), and latch enable (LE) inputs are used to test the display, to turn-off or pulse modulate the brightness of the display, and to store a BCD code, respectively. It can be used with seven-segment light-emitting diodes (LED), incandescent, fluorescent, gas discharge, or liquid crystal readouts either directly or indirectly.

Applications include instrument (e.g., counter, DVM, etc.) display driver, computer/calculator display driver, cockpit display driver, and various clock, watch, and timer uses.

- Low Logic Circuit Power Dissipation
- High-Current Sourcing Outputs (Up to 25 mA)
- Latch Storage of Code
- Blanking Input
- Lamp Test Provision
- Readout Blanking on all Illegal Input Combinations
- Lamp Intensity Modulation Capability
- Time Share (Multiplexing) Facility
- Supply Voltage Range = 3.0 V to 18 V
- Capable of Driving Two Low-power TTL Loads, One Low-power Schottky TTL Load or Two HTL Loads Over the Rated Temperature Range
- Chip Complexity: 216 FETs or 54 Equivalent Gates
- Triple Diode Protection on all Inputs

MAXIMUM RATINGS* (Voltages Referenced to V_{SS})

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| DC Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | -0.5 to +18 | V |
| Input Voltage, All Inputs | V _{in} | -0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5 | V |
| DC Current Drain per Input Pin | I | 10 | mA |
| Operating Temperature Range | T _A | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Power Dissipation per Package† | P _D | 500 | mW |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Maximum Output Drive Current (Source) per Output | I _{OHmax} | 25 | mA |
| Maximum Continuous Output Power (Source) per Output ‡ | P _{OHmax} | 50 | mW |

‡P_{OHmax} = I_{OH} (V_{DD} - V_{OH})

* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

† Temperature Derating:

Plastic "P and D/DW" Packages: - 7.0 mW/°C From 65°C To 125°C

Ceramic "L" Packages: - 12 mW/°C From 100°C To 125°C

MC14511B



L SUFFIX
CERAMIC
CASE 620



P SUFFIX
PLASTIC
CASE 648



D SUFFIX
SOIC
CASE 751B



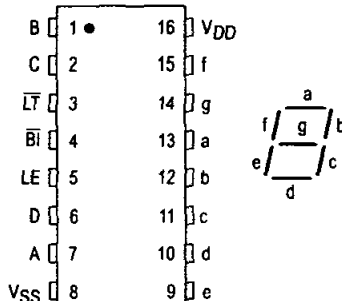
DW SUFFIX
SOIC
CASE 751G

ORDERING INFORMATION

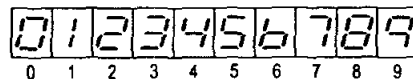
| | |
|------------|---------|
| MC14XXXBCP | Plastic |
| MC14XXXBCL | Ceramic |
| MC14XXXBDW | SOIC |
| MC14XXXBD | SOIC |

T_A = -55° to 125°C for all packages.

PIN ASSIGNMENT



DISPLAY



TRUTH TABLE

| Inputs | | | | Outputs | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|---------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|
| LE | BI | LT | BCBA | a | b | c | d | e | f | g | Display |
| X | X | 0 | X X X X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| X | 0 | 1 | X X X X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 0 0 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 0 0 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 0 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 1 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 1 0 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 1 0 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 1 1 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 1 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 0 0 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 0 0 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 0 1 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 0 1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 0 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 1 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Blank |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | X X X X | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

X = Don't Care

† Depends upon the BCD code previously applied when LE = 0

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to V_{SS})

| Characteristic | Symbol | V_{DD} Vdc | -55°C | | 25°C | | | 125°C | | Unit | |
|--|---|-----------------|--|-----------|------|---------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Typ # | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Output Voltage $V_{in} = V_{DD}$ or 0 | "0" Level V_{OL} | 5.0 | — | 0.05 | — | 0 | 0.05 | — | 0.05 | Vdc | |
| | | 10 | — | 0.05 | — | 0 | 0.05 | — | 0.05 | | |
| | | 15 | — | 0.05 | — | 0 | 0.05 | — | 0.05 | | |
| | "1" Level $V_{in} = 0$ or V_{DD} | V_{OH} | 5.0 | 4.1 | — | 4.1 | 4.57 | — | 4.1 | — | Vdc |
| | | | 10 | 9.1 | — | 9.1 | 9.58 | — | 9.1 | — | |
| | | | 15 | 14.1 | — | 14.1 | 14.59 | — | 14.1 | — | |
| Input Voltage # ($V_O = 3.8$ or 0.5 Vdc) ($V_O = 8.8$ or 1.0 Vdc) ($V_O = 13.8$ or 1.5 Vdc) | "0" Level V_{IL} | 5.0 | — | 1.5 | — | 2.25 | 1.5 | — | 1.5 | Vdc | |
| | | 10 | — | 3.0 | — | 4.50 | 3.0 | — | 3.0 | | |
| | | 15 | — | 4.0 | — | 6.75 | 4.0 | — | 4.0 | | |
| | "1" Level ($V_O = 0.5$ or 3.8 Vdc) ($V_O = 1.0$ or 8.8 Vdc) ($V_O = 1.5$ or 13.8 Vdc) | V_{IH} | 5.0 | 3.5 | — | 3.5 | 2.75 | — | 3.5 | — | Vdc |
| | | | 10 | 7.0 | — | 7.0 | 5.50 | — | 7.0 | — | |
| | | | 15 | 11 | — | 11 | 8.25 | — | 11 | — | |
| Output Drive Voltage ($I_{OH} = 0$ mA) ($I_{OH} = 5.0$ mA) ($I_{OH} = 10$ mA) ($I_{OH} = 15$ mA) ($I_{OH} = 20$ mA) ($I_{OH} = 25$ mA) | Source V_{OH} | 5.0 | 4.1 | — | 4.1 | 4.57 | — | 4.1 | — | Vdc | |
| | | | — | — | — | 4.24 | — | — | — | | |
| | | | 3.9 | — | 3.9 | 4.12 | — | 3.5 | — | | |
| | | | — | — | — | 3.94 | — | — | — | | |
| | | | 3.4 | — | 3.4 | 3.70 | — | 3.0 | — | | |
| | | | — | — | — | 3.54 | — | — | — | | |
| | | 10 | 9.1 | — | 9.1 | 9.58 | — | 9.1 | — | Vdc | |
| | | | — | — | — | 9.26 | — | — | — | | |
| | | | 9.0 | — | 9.0 | 9.17 | — | 8.6 | — | | |
| | | | — | — | — | 9.04 | — | — | — | | |
| | | | 8.6 | — | 8.6 | 8.90 | — | 8.2 | — | | |
| | | | — | — | — | 8.70 | — | — | — | | |
| 15 | 14.1 | — | 14.1 | 14.59 | — | 14.1 | — | Vdc | | | |
| | — | — | — | 14.27 | — | — | — | | | | |
| | 14 | — | 14 | 14.18 | — | 13.6 | — | | | | |
| | — | — | — | 14.07 | — | — | — | | | | |
| | 13.6 | — | 13.6 | 13.95 | — | 13.2 | — | | | | |
| | — | — | — | 13.70 | — | — | — | | | | |
| Output Drive Current ($V_{OL} = 0.4$ V) ($V_{OL} = 0.5$ V) ($V_{OL} = 1.5$ V) | Sink I_{OL} | 5.0 | 0.64 | — | 0.51 | 0.88 | — | 0.36 | — | mAdc | |
| | | 10 | 1.6 | — | 1.3 | 2.25 | — | 0.9 | — | | |
| | | 15 | 4.2 | — | 3.4 | 8.8 | — | 2.4 | — | | |
| Input Current | I_{in} | 15 | — | ± 0.1 | — | ± 0.00001 | ± 0.1 | — | ± 1.0 | μ Adc | |
| Input Capacitance | C_{in} | — | — | — | — | 5.0 | 7.5 | — | — | pF | |
| Quiescent Current (Per Package) $V_{in} = 0$ or V_{DD} , $I_{out} = 0$ μ A | I_{DD} | 5.0 | — | 5.0 | — | 0.005 | 5.0 | — | 150 | μ Adc | |
| | | 10 | — | 10 | — | 0.010 | 10 | — | 300 | | |
| | | 15 | — | 20 | — | 0.015 | 20 | — | 600 | | |
| Total Supply Current**† (Dynamic plus Quiescent, Per Package) ($C_L = 50$ pF on all outputs, all buffers switching) | I_T | 5.0 | $I_T = (1.9 \mu\text{A/kHz}) f + I_{DD}$ | | | | | | | μ Adc | |
| | | 10 | $I_T = (3.8 \mu\text{A/kHz}) f + I_{DD}$ | | | | | | | | |
| | | 15 | $I_T = (5.7 \mu\text{A/kHz}) f + I_{DD}$ | | | | | | | | |

#Noise immunity specified for worst-case input combination.

Noise Margin for both "1" and "0" level =

1.0 Vdc min @ $V_{DD} = 5.0$ Vdc

2.0 Vdc min @ $V_{DD} = 10$ Vdc

2.5 Vdc min @ $V_{DD} = 15$ Vdc

**The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at 25°C.

†To calculate total supply current at loads other than 50 pF:

$$I_T(C_L) = I_T(50 \text{ pF}) + 3.5 \times 10^{-3} (C_L - 50) V_{DD} f$$

where: I_T is in μ A (per package), C_L in pF, V_{DD} in Vdc, and f in kHz is input frequency.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS* ($C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

| Characteristic | Symbol | V _{DD} Vdc | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|------|
| Output Rise Time $t_{TLH} = (0.40 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 20 \text{ ns}$ $t_{TLH} = (0.25 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 17.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{TLH} = (0.20 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 15 \text{ ns}$ | t_{TLH} | 5.0 10 15 | — — — | 40 30 25 | 80 60 50 | ns |
| Output Fall Time $t_{THL} = (1.5 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 50 \text{ ns}$ $t_{THL} = (0.75 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 37.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{THL} = (0.55 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 37.5 \text{ ns}$ | t_{THL} | 5.0 10 15 | — — — | 125 75 65 | 250 150 130 | ns |
| Data Propagation Delay Time $t_{PLH} = (0.40 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 620 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.25 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 237.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.20 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 165 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (1.3 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 655 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.60 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 260 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.35 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 182.5 \text{ ns}$ | t_{PLH} t_{PHL} | 5.0 10 15 5.0 10 15 | — — — — — — | 640 250 175 720 290 200 | 1280 500 350 1440 580 400 | ns |
| Blank Propagation Delay Time $t_{PLH} = (0.30 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 585 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.25 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 187.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.15 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 142.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.85 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 442.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.45 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 177.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.35 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 142.5 \text{ ns}$ | t_{PLH} t_{PHL} | 5.0 10 15 5.0 10 15 | — — — — — — | 600 200 150 485 200 160 | 750 300 220 970 400 320 | ns |
| Lamp Test Propagation Delay Time $t_{PLH} = (0.45 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 290.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.25 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 112.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PLH} = (0.20 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 80 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (1.3 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 248 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.45 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 102.5 \text{ ns}$ $t_{PHL} = (0.35 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 72.5 \text{ ns}$ | t_{PLH} t_{PHL} | 5.0 10 15 5.0 10 15 | — — — — — — | 313 125 90 313 125 90 | 625 250 180 625 250 180 | ns |
| Setup Time | t_{su} | 5.0 10 15 | 100 40 30 | — — — | — — — | ns |
| Hold Time | t_h | 5.0 10 15 | 60 40 30 | — — — | — — — | ns |
| Latch Enable Pulse Width | t_{WL} | 5.0 10 15 | 520 220 130 | 260 110 65 | — — — | ns |

* The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only.

This device contains protection circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. A destructive high current mode may occur if V_{in} and V_{out} are not constrained to the range $V_{SS} \leq (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) \leq V_{DD}$.

Due to the sourcing capability of this circuit, damage can occur to the device if V_{DD} is applied, and the outputs are shorted to V_{SS} and are at a logical 1 (See Maximum Ratings).

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either V_{SS} or V_{DD}).

Input LE low, and Inputs D, $\overline{B\bar{I}}$ and $\overline{L\bar{T}}$ high.
 f in respect to a system clock.
 All outputs connected to respective C_L loads.

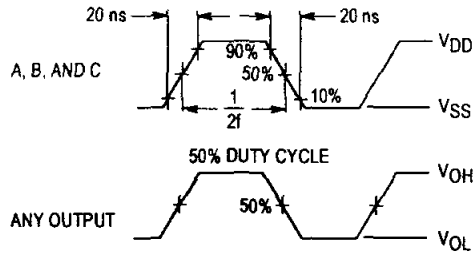
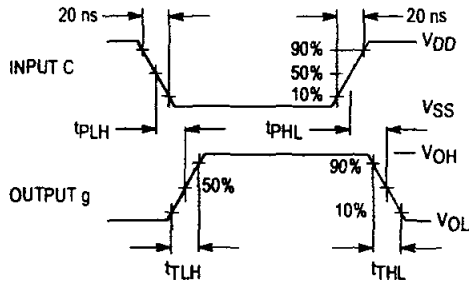
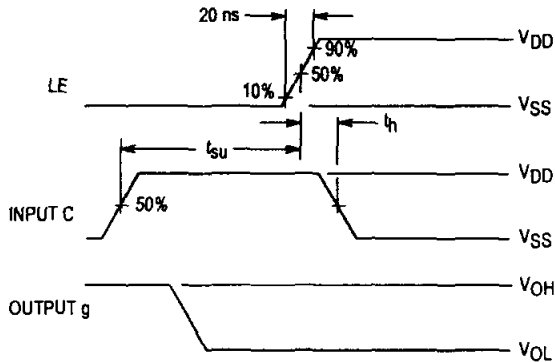


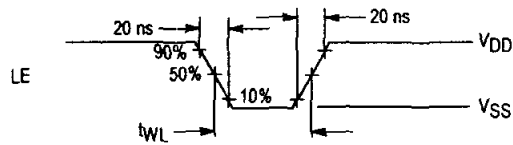
Figure 1. Dynamic Power Dissipation Signal Waveforms



(a) Inputs D and LE low, and Inputs A, B, $\overline{B\bar{I}}$ and $\overline{L\bar{T}}$ high.



(b) Input D low, Inputs A, B, $\overline{B\bar{I}}$ and $\overline{L\bar{T}}$ high.

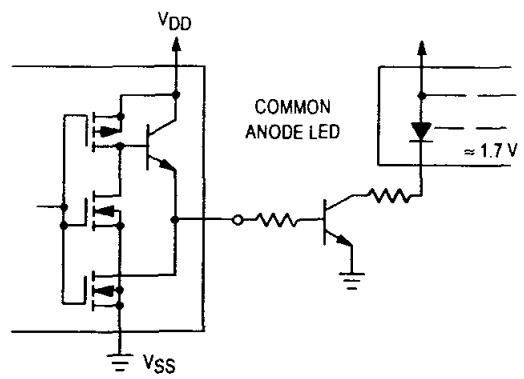
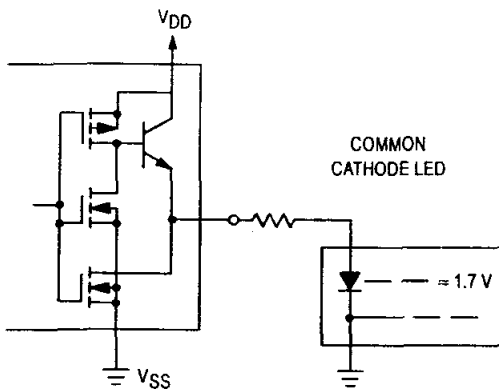


(c) Data DCBA strobed into latches.

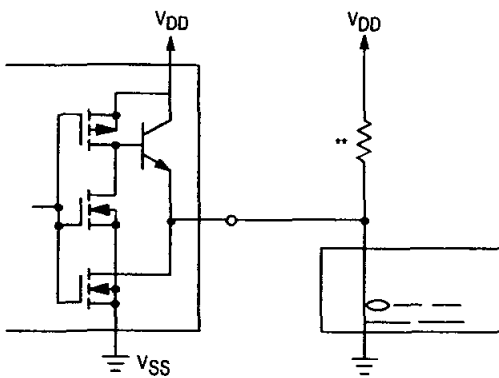
Figure 2. Dynamic Signal Waveforms

CONNECTIONS TO VARIOUS DISPLAY READOUTS

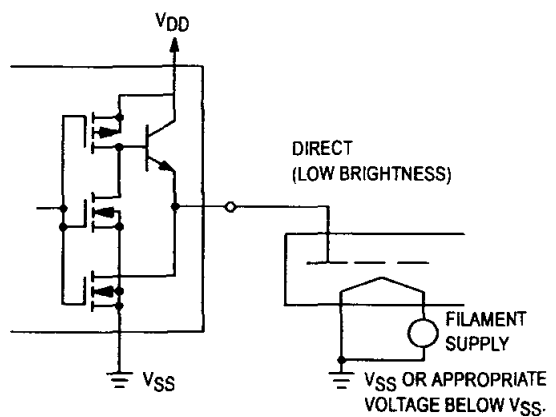
LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) READOUT



INCANDESCENT READOUT

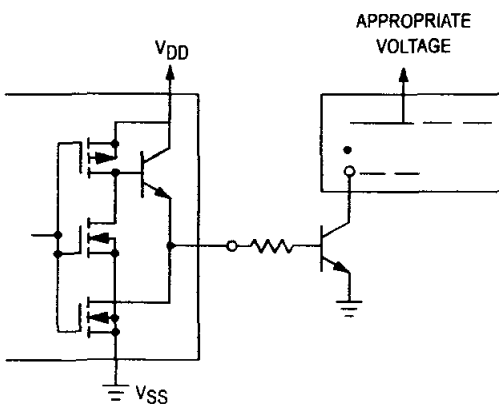


FLUORESCENT READOUT

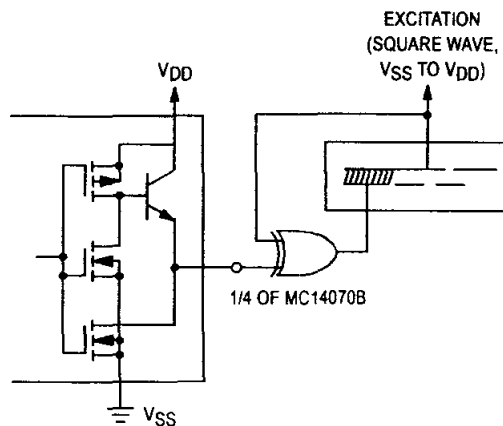


(CAUTION: Maximum working voltage = 18.0 V)

GAS DISCHARGE READOUT



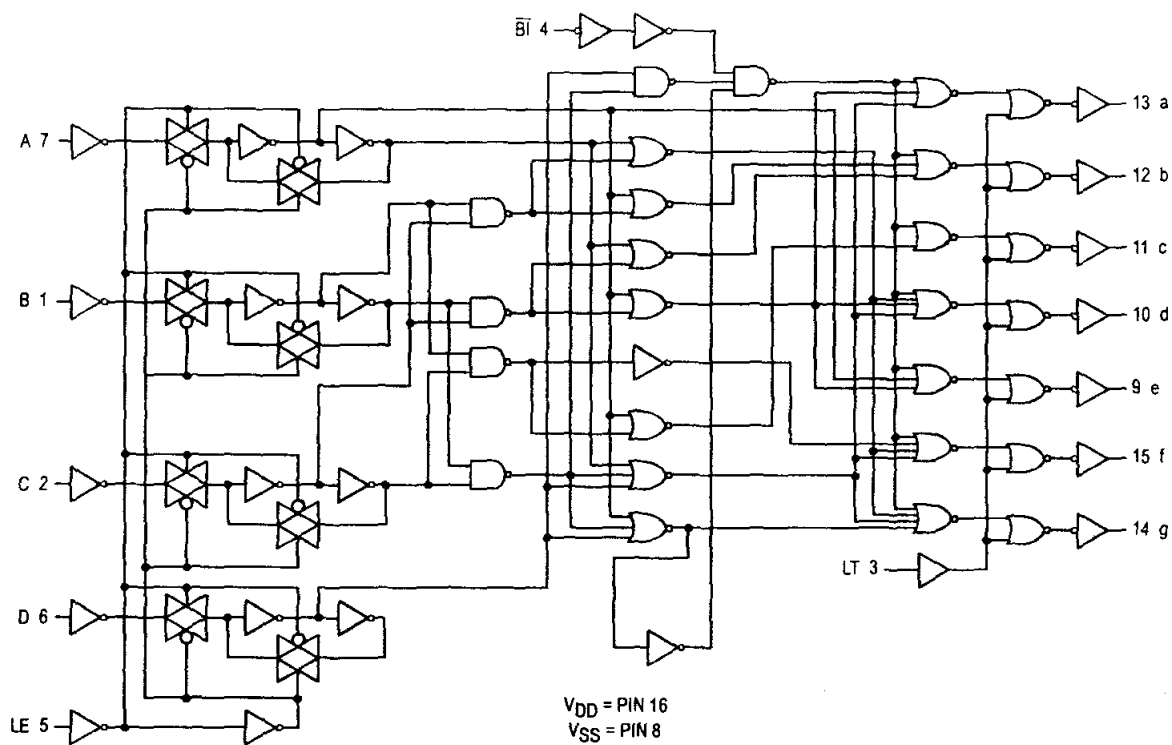
LIQUID CRYSTAL (LCD) READOUT



** A filament pre-warm resistor is recommended to reduce filament thermal shock and increase the effective cold resistance of the filament.

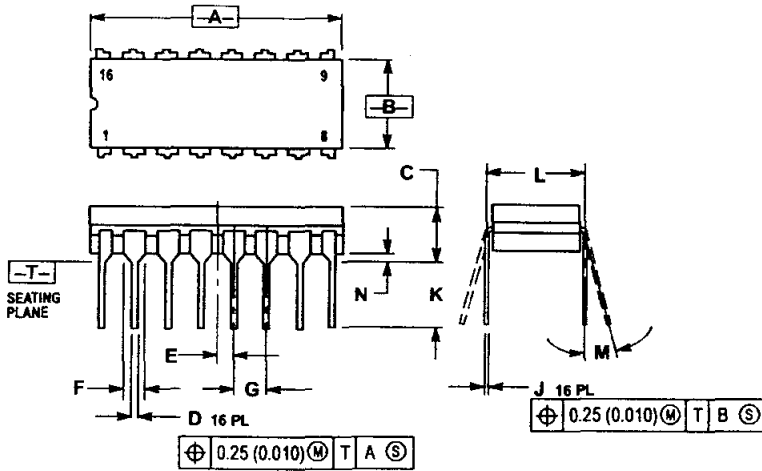
Direct dc drive of LCD's not recommended for life of LCD readouts.

LOGIC DIAGRAM



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

L SUFFIX CERAMIC DIP PACKAGE CASE 620-10 ISSUE V

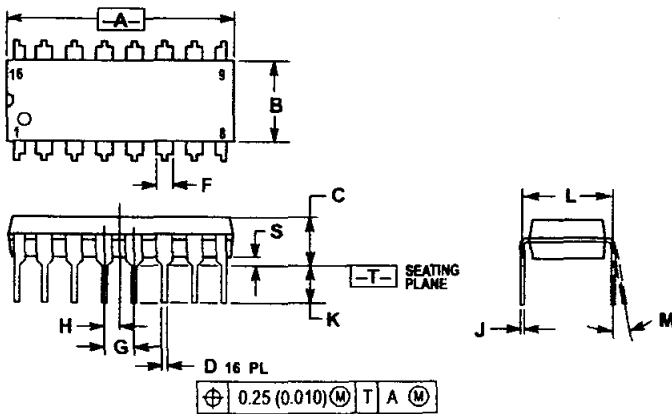


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
4. DIMENSION F MAY NARROW TO 0.76 (0.030) WHERE THE LEAD ENTERS THE CERAMIC BODY.

| DIM | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | |
|-----|-----------|-------|-------------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 0.750 | 0.785 | 19.05 | 19.93 |
| B | 0.240 | 0.295 | 6.10 | 7.49 |
| C | — | 0.200 | — | 5.08 |
| D | 0.015 | 0.020 | 0.39 | 0.50 |
| E | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BSC | |
| F | 0.065 | 0.065 | 1.40 | 1.65 |
| G | 0.100 BSC | | 2.54 BSC | |
| H | 0.008 | 0.015 | 0.21 | 0.38 |
| K | 0.125 | 0.170 | 3.18 | 4.31 |
| L | 0.300 BSC | | 7.62 BSC | |
| M | 0° | 15° | 0° | 15° |
| N | 0.020 | 0.040 | 0.51 | 1.01 |

P SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP PACKAGE CASE 648-08 ISSUE R



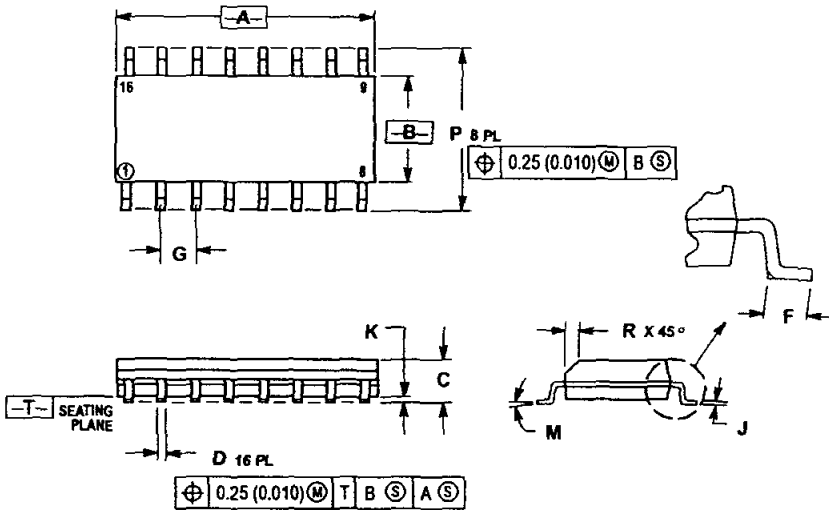
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
5. ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

| DIM | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | |
|-----|-----------|-------|-------------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 0.740 | 0.770 | 18.80 | 19.55 |
| B | 0.250 | 0.270 | 6.35 | 6.85 |
| C | 0.145 | 0.175 | 3.69 | 4.44 |
| D | 0.015 | 0.021 | 0.39 | 0.53 |
| F | 0.040 | 0.70 | 1.02 | 1.77 |
| G | 0.100 BSC | | 2.54 BSC | |
| H | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BSC | |
| J | 0.008 | 0.015 | 0.21 | 0.38 |
| K | 0.110 | 0.130 | 2.80 | 3.30 |
| L | 0.295 | 0.305 | 7.50 | 7.74 |
| M | 0° | 10° | 0° | 10° |
| S | 0.020 | 0.040 | 0.51 | 1.01 |

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

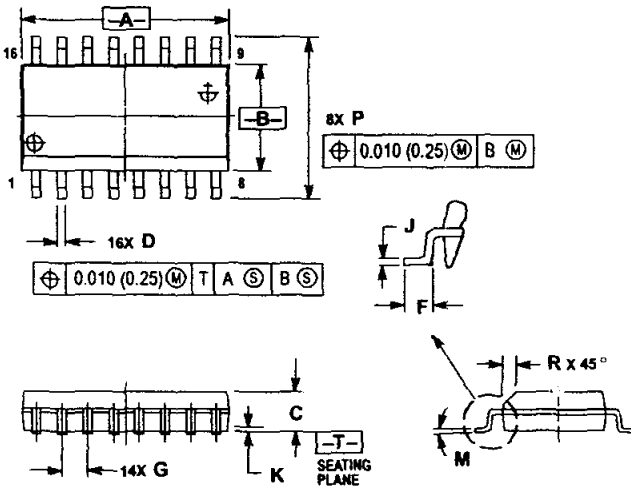
D SUFFIX PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751B-05 ISSUE J



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.


| DIM | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | |
|-----|-------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 9.80 | 10.00 | 0.386 | 0.393 |
| B | 3.80 | 4.00 | 0.150 | 0.157 |
| C | 1.35 | 1.75 | 0.054 | 0.068 |
| D | 0.35 | 0.48 | 0.014 | 0.019 |
| F | 0.40 | 1.25 | 0.016 | 0.049 |
| G | 1.27 BSC | | 0.050 BSC | |
| J | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.008 | 0.009 |
| K | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| M | 0° | 7° | 0° | 7° |
| P | 5.80 | 6.20 | 0.229 | 0.244 |
| R | 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.010 | 0.019 |

DW SUFFIX PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751G-02 ISSUE A



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | |
|-----|-------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 10.15 | 10.45 | 0.400 | 0.411 |
| B | 7.40 | 7.60 | 0.292 | 0.299 |
| C | 2.35 | 2.65 | 0.093 | 0.104 |
| D | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.014 | 0.019 |
| F | 0.50 | 0.90 | 0.020 | 0.035 |
| G | 1.27 BSC | | 0.050 BSC | |
| J | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.010 | 0.012 |
| K | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| M | 0° | 7° | 0° | 7° |
| P | 10.05 | 10.55 | 0.395 | 0.415 |
| R | 0.25 | 0.75 | 0.010 | 0.029 |

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◇

MC14511B/D





8-bit Microcontroller with 4K Bytes Flash

AT89C51

Features

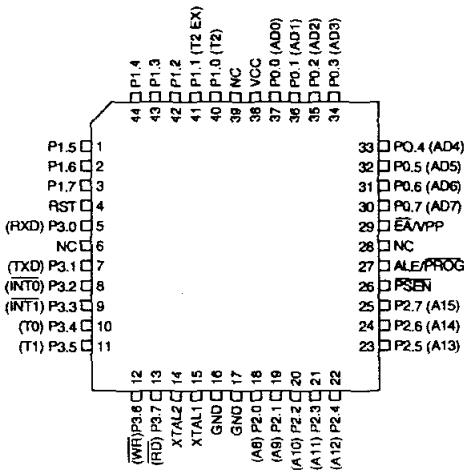
- Compatible with MCS-51™ Products
- 4K Bytes of In-System Reprogrammable Flash Memory
 - Endurance: 1,000 Write/Erase Cycles
- Fully Static Operation: 0 Hz to 24 MHz
- Three-level Program Memory Lock
- 128 x 8-bit Internal RAM
- 32 Programmable I/O Lines
- Two 16-bit Timer/Counters
- Six Interrupt Sources
- Programmable Serial Channel
- Low-power Idle and Power-down Modes

Description

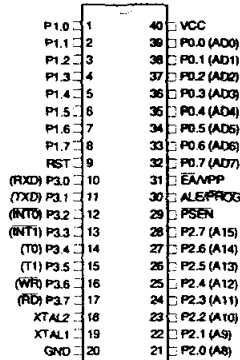
The AT89C51 is a low-power, high-performance CMOS 8-bit microcomputer with 4K bytes of Flash programmable and erasable read only memory (PEROM). The device is manufactured using Atmel's high-density nonvolatile memory technology and is compatible with the industry-standard MCS-51 instruction set and pinout. The on-chip Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system or by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer. By combining a versatile 8-bit CPU with Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel AT89C51 is a powerful microcomputer which provides a highly-flexible and cost-effective solution to many embedded control applications.

Pin Configurations

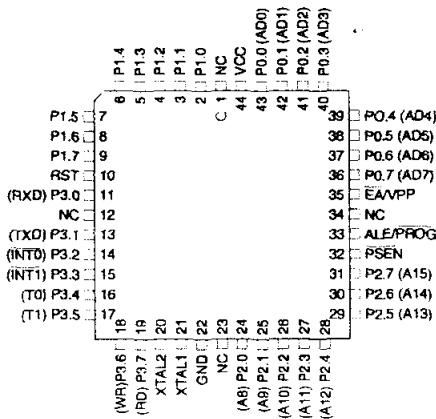
PQFP/TQFP



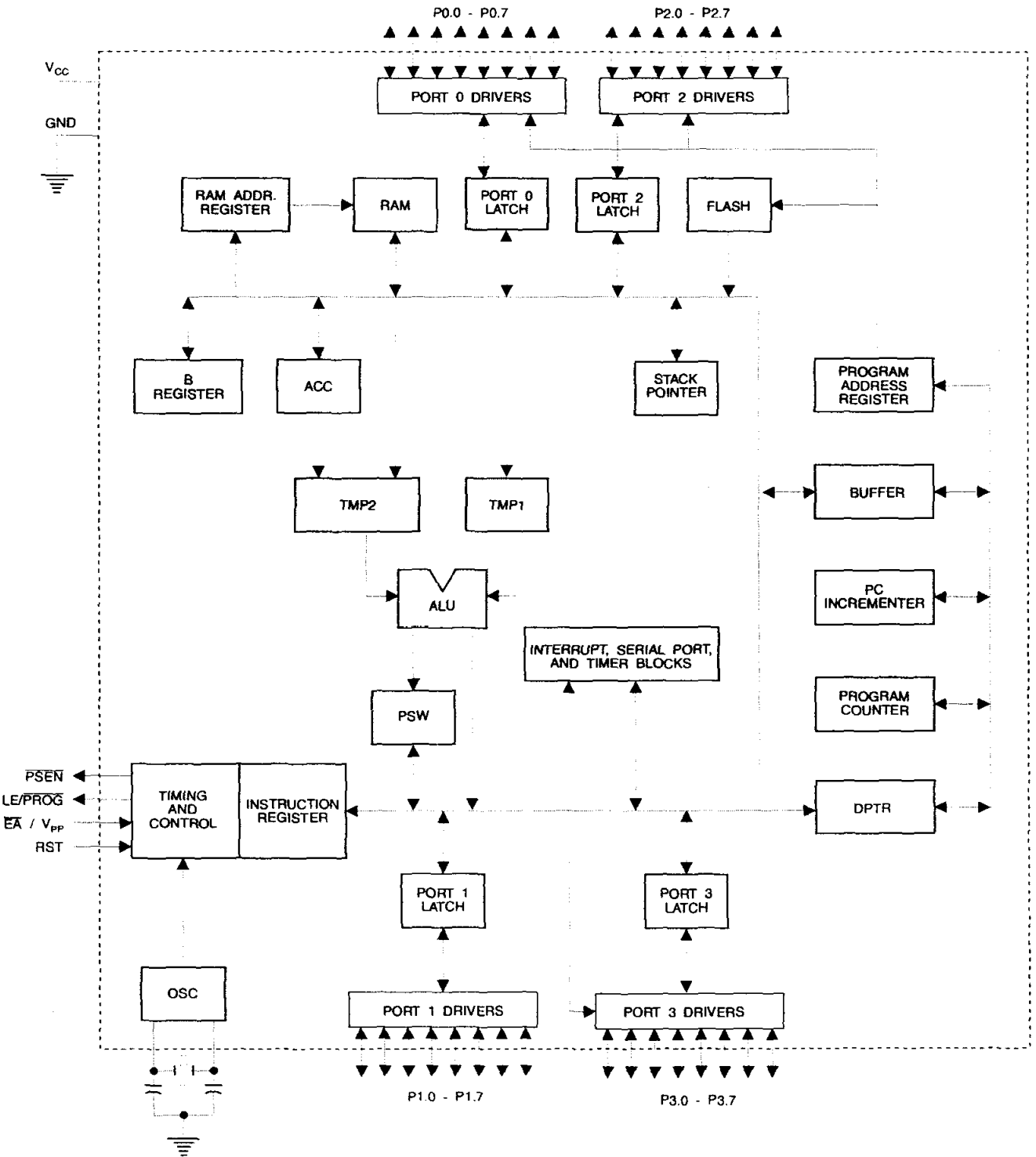
PDIP



PLCC



Block Diagram



The AT89C51 provides the following standard features: 4K bytes of Flash, 128 bytes of RAM, 32 I/O lines, two 16-bit timer/counters, a five vector two-level interrupt architecture, a full duplex serial port, on-chip oscillator and clock circuitry. In addition, the AT89C51 is designed with static logic for operation down to zero frequency and supports two software selectable power saving modes. The Idle Mode stops the CPU while allowing the RAM, timer/counters, serial port and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down Mode saves the RAM contents but freezes the oscillator disabling all other chip functions until the next hardware reset.

Pin Description

VCC

Supply voltage.

GND

Ground.

Port 0

Port 0 is an 8-bit open-drain bi-directional I/O port. As an output port, each pin can sink eight TTL inputs. When 1s are written to port 0 pins, the pins can be used as high-impedance inputs.

Port 0 may also be configured to be the multiplexed low-order address/data bus during accesses to external program and data memory. In this mode P0 has internal pullups.

Port 0 also receives the code bytes during Flash programming, and outputs the code bytes during program verification. External pullups are required during program verification.

Port 1

Port 1 is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pullups. The Port 1 output buffers can sink/source four TTL inputs. When 1s are written to Port 1 pins they are pulled high by the internal pullups and can be used as inputs. As inputs, Port 1 pins that are externally being pulled low will source current (I_{IL}) because of the internal pullups.

Port 1 also receives the low-order address bytes during Flash programming and verification.

Port 2

Port 2 is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pullups. The Port 2 output buffers can sink/source four TTL inputs. When 1s are written to Port 2 pins they are pulled high by the internal pullups and can be used as inputs. As inputs,

Port 2 pins that are externally being pulled low will source current (I_{IL}) because of the internal pullups.

Port 2 emits the high-order address byte during fetches from external program memory and during accesses to external data memory that use 16-bit addresses (MOVX @ DPTR). In this application, it uses strong internal pullups when emitting 1s. During accesses to external data memory that use 8-bit addresses (MOVX @ RI), Port 2 emits the contents of the P2 Special Function Register.

Port 2 also receives the high-order address bits and some control signals during Flash programming and verification.

Port 3

Port 3 is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pullups. The Port 3 output buffers can sink/source four TTL inputs. When 1s are written to Port 3 pins they are pulled high by the internal pullups and can be used as inputs. As inputs, Port 3 pins that are externally being pulled low will source current (I_{IL}) because of the pullups.

Port 3 also serves the functions of various special features of the AT89C51 as listed below:

| Port Pin | Alternate Functions |
|----------|---|
| P3.0 | RXD (serial input port) |
| P3.1 | TXD (serial output port) |
| P3.2 | $\overline{INT0}$ (external interrupt 0) |
| P3.3 | $\overline{INT1}$ (external interrupt 1) |
| P3.4 | T0 (timer 0 external input) |
| P3.5 | T1 (timer 1 external input) |
| P3.6 | \overline{WR} (external data memory write strobe) |
| P3.7 | \overline{RD} (external data memory read strobe) |

Port 3 also receives some control signals for Flash programming and verification.

RST

Reset input. A high on this pin for two machine cycles while the oscillator is running resets the device.

ALE/ \overline{PROG}

Address Latch Enable output pulse for latching the low byte of the address during accesses to external memory. This pin is also the program pulse input (\overline{PROG}) during Flash programming.

In normal operation ALE is emitted at a constant rate of 1/6 the oscillator frequency, and may be used for external timing or clocking purposes. Note, however, that one ALE

ulse is skipped during each access to external Data Memory.

desired, ALE operation can be disabled by setting bit 0 of FR location 8EH. With the bit set, ALE is active only during a MOVX or MOVC instruction. Otherwise, the pin is weakly pulled high. Setting the ALE-disable bit has no effect if the microcontroller is in external execution mode.

$\overline{\text{PSEN}}$

rogram Store Enable is the read strobe to external program memory.

When the AT89C51 is executing code from external program memory, $\overline{\text{PSEN}}$ is activated twice each machine cycle, except that two $\overline{\text{PSEN}}$ activations are skipped during each access to external data memory.

$\overline{\text{EA/VP}}$

External Access Enable. $\overline{\text{EA}}$ must be strapped to GND in order to enable the device to fetch code from external program memory locations starting at 0000H up to FFFFH. Note, however, that if lock bit 1 is programmed, $\overline{\text{EA}}$ will be internally latched on reset.

$\overline{\text{EA}}$ should be strapped to V_{CC} for internal program executions.

This pin also receives the 12-volt programming enable voltage (V_{PP}) during Flash programming, for parts that require 12-volt V_{PP} .

XTAL1

Input to the inverting oscillator amplifier and input to the external clock operating circuit.

XTAL2

Output from the inverting oscillator amplifier.

Oscillator Characteristics

XTAL1 and XTAL2 are the input and output, respectively, of an inverting amplifier which can be configured for use as an on-chip oscillator, as shown in Figure 1. Either a quartz crystal or ceramic resonator may be used. To drive the device from an external clock source, XTAL2 should be left

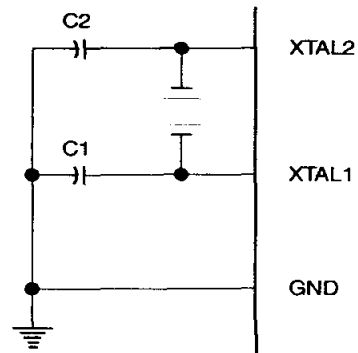
unconnected while XTAL1 is driven as shown in Figure 2. There are no requirements on the duty cycle of the external clock signal, since the input to the internal clocking circuitry is through a divide-by-two flip-flop, but minimum and maximum voltage high and low time specifications must be observed.

Idle Mode

In idle mode, the CPU puts itself to sleep while all the on-chip peripherals remain active. The mode is invoked by software. The content of the on-chip RAM and all the special functions registers remain unchanged during this mode. The idle mode can be terminated by any enabled interrupt or by a hardware reset.

It should be noted that when idle is terminated by a hardware reset, the device normally resumes program execution, from where it left off, up to two machine cycles before the internal reset algorithm takes control. On-chip hardware inhibits access to internal RAM in this event, but access to the port pins is not inhibited. To eliminate the possibility of an unexpected write to a port pin when Idle is terminated by reset, the instruction following the one that invokes Idle should not be one that writes to a port pin or to external memory.

Figure 1. Oscillator Connections

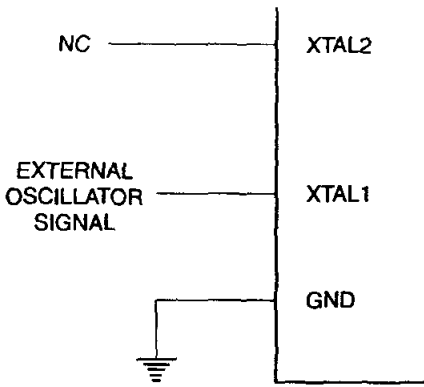


Note: C1, C2 = 30 pF \pm 10 pF for Crystals
= 40 pF \pm 10 pF for Ceramic Resonators

Status of External Pins During Idle and Power-down Modes

| Mode | Program Memory | ALE | $\overline{\text{PSEN}}$ | PORT0 | PORT1 | PORT2 | PORT3 |
|------------|----------------|-----|--------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| Idle | Internal | 1 | 1 | Data | Data | Data | Data |
| Idle | External | 1 | 1 | Float | Data | Address | Data |
| Power-down | Internal | 0 | 0 | Data | Data | Data | Data |
| Power-down | External | 0 | 0 | Float | Data | Data | Data |

Figure 2. External Clock Drive Configuration



Power-down Mode

In the power-down mode, the oscillator is stopped, and the instruction that invokes power-down is the last instruction executed. The on-chip RAM and Special Function Regis-

ters retain their values until the power-down mode is terminated. The only exit from power-down is a hardware reset. Reset redefines the SFRs but does not change the on-chip RAM. The reset should not be activated before V_{CC} is restored to its normal operating level and must be held active long enough to allow the oscillator to restart and stabilize.

Program Memory Lock Bits

On the chip are three lock bits which can be left unprogrammed (U) or can be programmed (P) to obtain the additional features listed in the table below.

When lock bit 1 is programmed, the logic level at the \overline{EA} pin is sampled and latched during reset. If the device is powered up without a reset, the latch initializes to a random value, and holds that value until reset is activated. It is necessary that the latched value of \overline{EA} be in agreement with the current logic level at that pin in order for the device to function properly.

Lock Bit Protection Modes

| | Program Lock Bits | | | Protection Type |
|---|-------------------|-----|-----|---|
| | LB1 | LB2 | LB3 | |
| 1 | U | U | U | No program lock features |
| 2 | P | U | U | MOVC instructions executed from external program memory are disabled from fetching code bytes from internal memory, \overline{EA} is sampled and latched on reset, and further programming of the Flash is disabled |
| 3 | P | P | U | Same as mode 2, also verify is disabled |
| 4 | P | P | P | Same as mode 3, also external execution is disabled |



Programming the Flash

The AT89C51 is normally shipped with the on-chip Flash memory array in the erased state (that is, contents = FFH) and ready to be programmed. The programming interface accepts either a high-voltage (12-volt) or a low-voltage (5V) program enable signal. The low-voltage programming mode provides a convenient way to program the AT89C51 inside the user's system, while the high-voltage programming mode is compatible with conventional third-party Flash or EPROM programmers.

The AT89C51 is shipped with either the high-voltage or low-voltage programming mode enabled. The respective pin-side marking and device signature codes are listed in the following table.

| | V _{PP} = 12V | V _{PP} = 5V |
|---------------|--|--|
| Pin-Side Mark | AT89C51 xxxx yyww | AT89C51 xxxx-5 yyww |
| Signature | (030H) = 1EH (031H) = 51H (032H) = FFH | (030H) = 1EH (031H) = 51H (032H) = 05H |

The AT89C51 code memory array is programmed byte-by-byte in either programming mode. *To program any non-link byte in the on-chip Flash Memory, the entire memory must be erased using the Chip Erase Mode.*

Programming Algorithm: Before programming the AT89C51, the address, data and control signals should be set up according to the Flash programming mode table and Figure 3 and Figure 4. To program the AT89C51, take the following steps.

1. Input the desired memory location on the address lines.

2. Input the appropriate data byte on the data lines.

3. Activate the correct combination of control signals.

4. Raise \overline{EA}/V_{PP} to 12V for the high-voltage programming mode.

5. Pulse $\overline{ALE}/\overline{PROG}$ once to program a byte in the Flash array or the lock bits. The byte-write cycle is self-timed and typically takes no more than 1.5 ms.

Repeat steps 1 through 5, changing the address

and data for the entire array or until the end of the object file is reached.

Data Polling: The AT89C51 features \overline{Data} Polling to indicate the end of a write cycle. During a write cycle, an attempted read of the last byte written will result in the complement of the written datum on PO.7. Once the write cycle has been completed, true data are valid on all outputs, and the next cycle may begin. \overline{Data} Polling may begin any time after a write cycle has been initiated.

Ready/Busy: The progress of byte programming can also be monitored by the RDY/BSY output signal. P3.4 is pulled low after ALE goes high during programming to indicate BUSY. P3.4 is pulled high again when programming is done to indicate READY.

Program Verify: If lock bits LB1 and LB2 have not been programmed, the programmed code data can be read back via the address and data lines for verification. The lock bits cannot be verified directly. Verification of the lock bits is achieved by observing that their features are enabled.

Chip Erase: The entire Flash array is erased electrically by using the proper combination of control signals and by holding $\overline{ALE}/\overline{PROG}$ low for 10 ms. The code array is written with all "1"s. The chip erase operation must be executed before the code memory can be re-programmed.

Reading the Signature Bytes: The signature bytes are read by the same procedure as a normal verification of locations 030H, 031H, and 032H, except that P3.6 and P3.7 must be pulled to a logic low. The values returned are as follows.

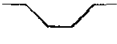
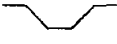
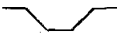
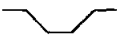
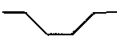
- (030H) = 1EH indicates manufactured by Atmel
- (031H) = 51H indicates 89C51
- (032H) = FFH indicates 12V programming
- (032H) = 05H indicates 5V programming

Programming Interface

Every code byte in the Flash array can be written and the entire array can be erased by using the appropriate combination of control signals. The write operation cycle is self-timed and once initiated, will automatically time itself to completion.

All major programming vendors offer worldwide support for the Atmel microcontroller series. Please contact your local programming vendor for the appropriate software revision.

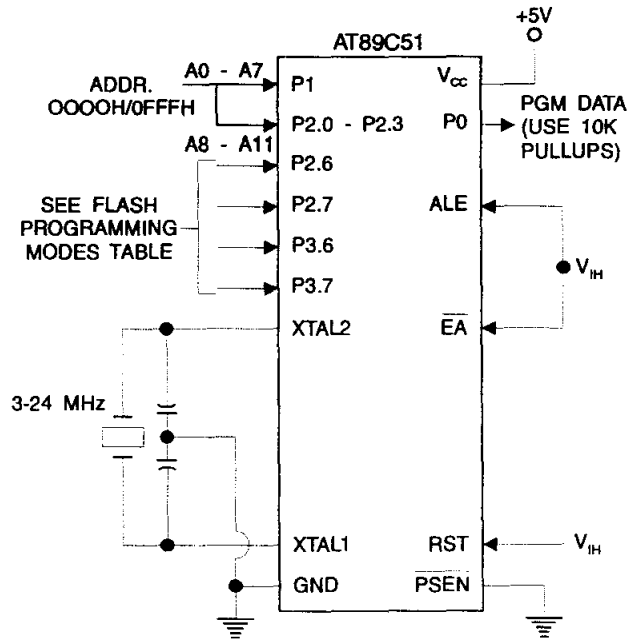
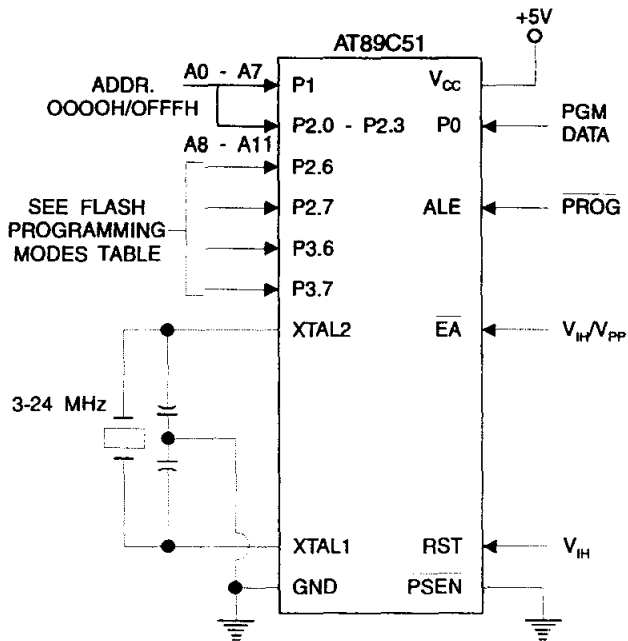
Flash Programming Modes

| Mode | RST | PSEN | ALE/PROG | EA/V _{PP} | P2.6 | P2.7 | P3.6 | P3.7 | | | |
|---------------------|-----|------|---|--------------------|------|------|------|------|---|---|---|
| Write Code Data | H | L |  | H/12V | L | H | H | H | | | |
| Read Code Data | H | L | H | H | L | L | H | H | | | |
| Write Lock | H | L |  | H/12V | H | H | H | H | | | |
| | | | Bit - 2 | | | | | |  | L | L |
| | | | Bit - 3 | | | | | |  | | |
| Chip Erase | H | L |  (1) | H/12V | H | L | L | L | | | |
| Read Signature Byte | H | L | H | H | L | L | L | L | | | |

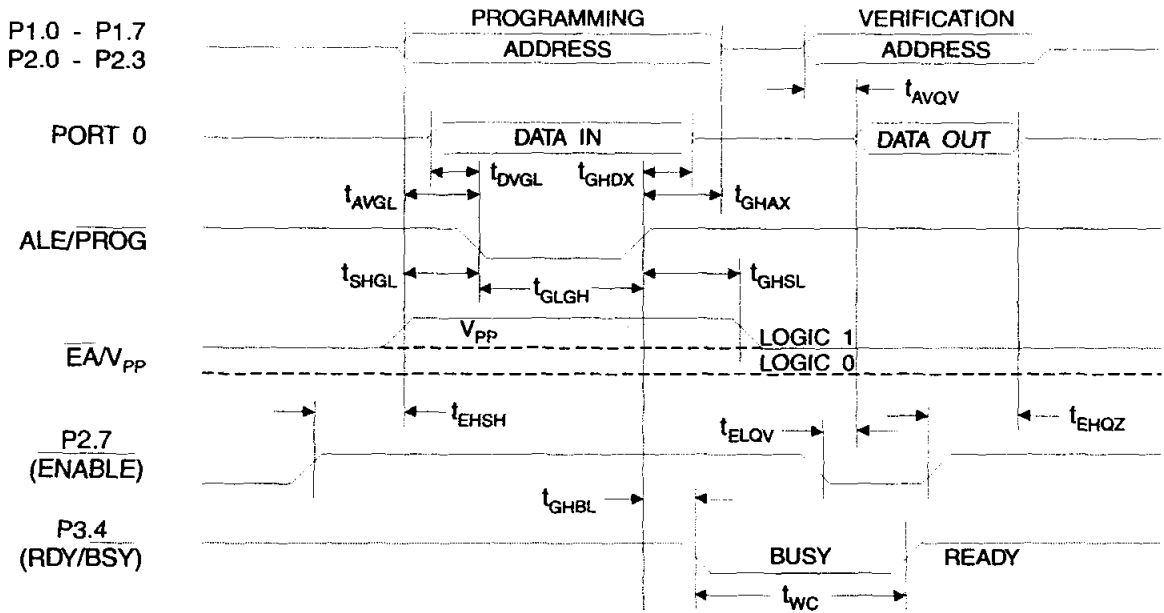
Note: 1. Chip Erase requires a 10 ms PROG pulse.

Figure 3. Programming the Flash

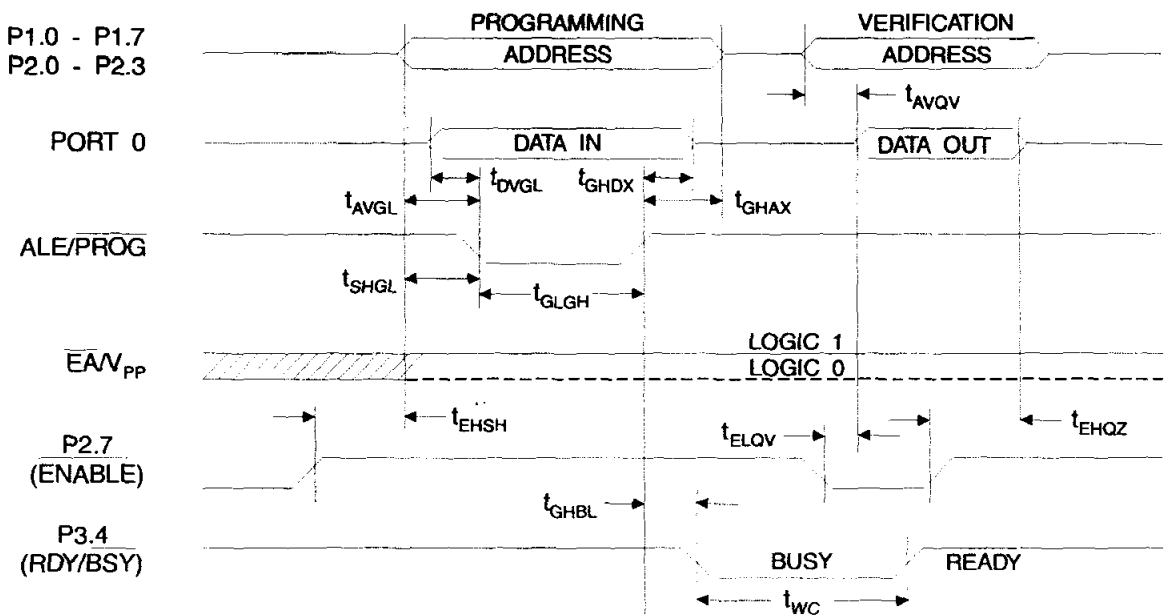
Figure 4. Verifying the Flash



Flash Programming and Verification Waveforms - High-voltage Mode ($V_{PP} = 12V$)



Flash Programming and Verification Waveforms - Low-voltage Mode ($V_{PP} = 5V$)



Flash Programming and Verification Characteristics

$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 10\%$

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|------------------|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| $V_{PP}^{(1)}$ | Programming Enable Voltage | 11.5 | 12.5 | V |
| $I_{PP}^{(1)}$ | Programming Enable Current | | 1.0 | mA |
| $1/t_{CLCL}$ | Oscillator Frequency | 3 | 24 | MHz |
| t_{AVGL} | Address Setup to $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ Low | $48t_{CLCL}$ | | |
| t_{GHAX} | Address Hold After $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ | $48t_{CLCL}$ | | |
| t_{DVGL} | Data Setup to $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ Low | $48t_{CLCL}$ | | |
| t_{GHDX} | Data Hold After $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ | $48t_{CLCL}$ | | |
| t_{EHS} | P2.7 ($\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$) High to V_{PP} | $48t_{CLCL}$ | | |
| t_{SHGL} | V_{PP} Setup to $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ Low | 10 | | μs |
| $t_{GHSL}^{(1)}$ | V_{PP} Hold After $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ | 10 | | μs |
| t_{GLGH} | $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ Width | 1 | 110 | μs |
| t_{AVQV} | Address to Data Valid | | $48t_{CLCL}$ | |
| t_{ELQV} | $\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ Low to Data Valid | | $48t_{CLCL}$ | |
| t_{EHQZ} | Data Float After $\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ | 0 | $48t_{CLCL}$ | |
| t_{GHBL} | $\overline{\text{PROG}}$ High to $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ Low | | 1.0 | μs |
| t_{WC} | Byte Write Cycle Time | | 2.0 | ms |

Note: 1. Only used in 12-volt programming mode.



Absolute Maximum Ratings*

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Operating Temperature..... | -55°C to +125°C |
| Storage Temperature..... | -65°C to +150°C |
| Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground..... | -1.0V to +7.0V |
| Maximum Operating Voltage..... | 6.6V |
| DC Output Current..... | 15.0 mA |

*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Characteristics

$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C , $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V} \pm 20\%$ (unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Max | Units | |
|-----------|---|--|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| V_L | Input Low-voltage | (Except \overline{EA}) | -0.5 | $0.2 V_{CC} - 0.1$ | V | |
| V_{L1} | Input Low-voltage (\overline{EA}) | | -0.5 | $0.2 V_{CC} - 0.3$ | V | |
| V_{IH} | Input High-voltage | (Except XTAL1, RST) | $0.2 V_{CC} + 0.9$ | $V_{CC} + 0.5$ | V | |
| V_{IH1} | Input High-voltage | (XTAL1, RST) | $0.7 V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC} + 0.5$ | V | |
| V_{OL} | Output Low-voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Ports 1,2,3) | $I_{OL} = 1.6\text{ mA}$ | | 0.45 | V | |
| V_{OL1} | Output Low-voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Port 0, ALE, PSEN) | $I_{OL} = 3.2\text{ mA}$ | | 0.45 | V | |
| V_{OH} | Output High-voltage (Ports 1,2,3, ALE, PSEN) | $I_{OH} = -60\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ | 2.4 | | V | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -25\ \mu\text{A}$ | $0.75 V_{CC}$ | | V | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -10\ \mu\text{A}$ | $0.9 V_{CC}$ | | V | |
| V_{OH1} | Output High-voltage (Port 0 in External Bus Mode) | $I_{OH} = -800\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ | 2.4 | | V | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -300\ \mu\text{A}$ | $0.75 V_{CC}$ | | V | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -80\ \mu\text{A}$ | $0.9 V_{CC}$ | | V | |
| I_{IL} | Logical 0 Input Current (Ports 1,2,3) | $V_{IN} = 0.45\text{V}$ | | -50 | μA | |
| I_{TL} | Logical 1 to 0 Transition Current (Ports 1,2,3) | $V_{IN} = 2\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ | | -650 | μA | |
| I_{LJ} | Input Leakage Current (Port 0, \overline{EA}) | $0.45 < V_{IN} < V_{CC}$ | | ± 10 | μA | |
| RRST | Reset Pull-down Resistor | | 50 | 300 | $\text{K}\Omega$ | |
| C_{IO} | Pin Capacitance | Test Freq. = 1 MHz, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 10 | pF | |
| I_{CC} | Power Supply Current | Active Mode, 12 MHz | | 20 | mA | |
| | | Idle Mode, 12 MHz | | 5 | mA | |
| | Power-down Mode ⁽²⁾ | $V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$ | | | 100 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ | | | 40 | μA |

Notes: 1. Under steady state (non-transient) conditions, I_{OL} must be externally limited as follows:

Maximum I_{OL} per port pin: 10 mA

Maximum I_{OL} per 8-bit port: Port 0: 26 mA

Ports 1, 2, 3: 15 mA

Maximum total I_{OL} for all output pins: 71 mA

If I_{OL} exceeds the test condition, V_{OL} may exceed the related specification. Pins are not guaranteed to sink current greater than the listed test conditions.

2. Minimum V_{CC} for Power-down is 2V.

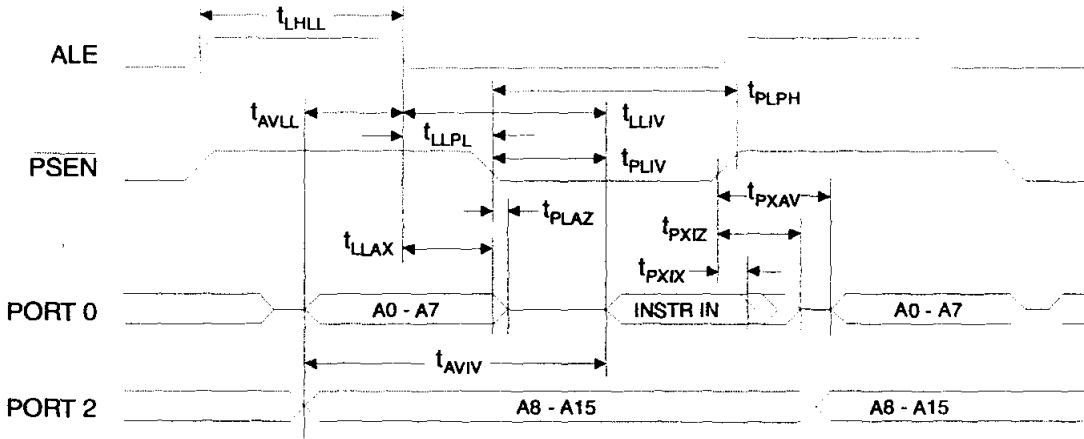
AC Characteristics

Under operating conditions, load capacitance for Port 0, ALE/PROG, and PSEN = 100 pF; load capacitance for all other outputs = 80 pF.

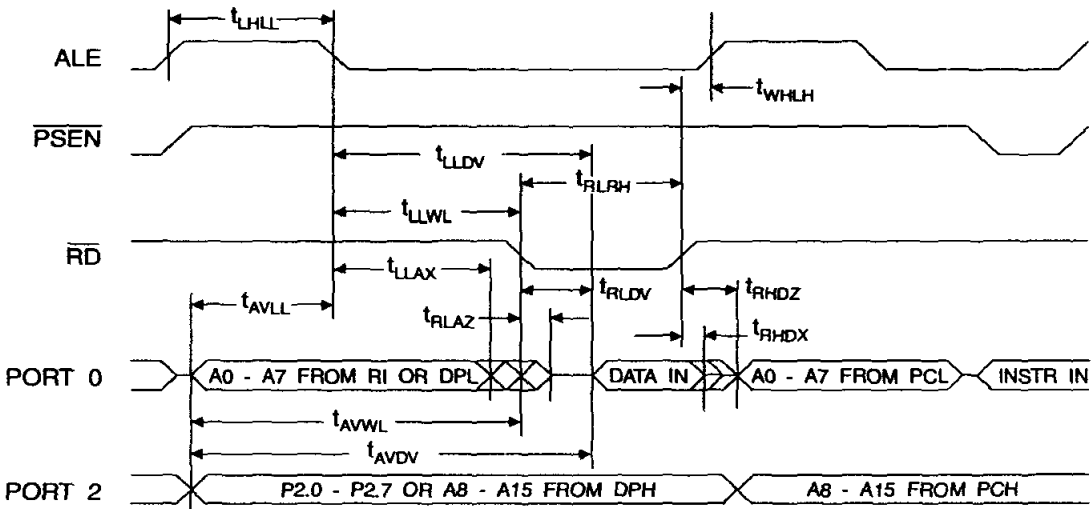
External Program and Data Memory Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | 12 MHz Oscillator | | 16 to 24 MHz Oscillator | | Units |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-----|-------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| $1/t_{CLCL}$ | Oscillator Frequency | | | 0 | 24 | MHz |
| t_{LHLL} | ALE Pulse Width | 127 | | $2t_{CLCL}-40$ | | ns |
| t_{AVLL} | Address Valid to ALE Low | 43 | | $t_{CLCL}-13$ | | ns |
| t_{LLAX} | Address Hold After ALE Low | 48 | | $t_{CLCL}-20$ | | ns |
| t_{LLIV} | ALE Low to Valid Instruction In | | 233 | | $4t_{CLCL}-65$ | ns |
| t_{LLPL} | ALE Low to PSEN Low | 43 | | $t_{CLCL}-13$ | | ns |
| t_{PLPH} | PSEN Pulse Width | 205 | | $3t_{CLCL}-20$ | | ns |
| t_{PLIV} | PSEN Low to Valid Instruction In | | 145 | | $3t_{CLCL}-45$ | ns |
| t_{PXIX} | Input Instruction Hold After PSEN | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t_{PXIZ} | Input Instruction Float After PSEN | | 59 | | $t_{CLCL}-10$ | ns |
| t_{PXAV} | PSEN to Address Valid | 75 | | $t_{CLCL}-8$ | | ns |
| t_{AVIV} | Address to Valid Instruction In | | 312 | | $5t_{CLCL}-55$ | ns |
| t_{PLAZ} | PSEN Low to Address Float | | 10 | | 10 | ns |
| t_{RLRH} | RD Pulse Width | 400 | | $6t_{CLCL}-100$ | | ns |
| t_{WLWH} | WR Pulse Width | 400 | | $6t_{CLCL}-100$ | | ns |
| t_{RLDV} | RD Low to Valid Data In | | 252 | | $5t_{CLCL}-90$ | ns |
| t_{RHDX} | Data Hold After RD | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t_{RHDX} | Data Float After RD | | 97 | | $2t_{CLCL}-28$ | ns |
| t_{LLDV} | ALE Low to Valid Data In | | 517 | | $8t_{CLCL}-150$ | ns |
| t_{AVDV} | Address to Valid Data In | | 585 | | $9t_{CLCL}-165$ | ns |
| t_{LLWL} | ALE Low to RD or WR Low | 200 | 300 | $3t_{CLCL}-50$ | $3t_{CLCL}+50$ | ns |
| t_{AVWL} | Address to RD or WR Low | 203 | | $4t_{CLCL}-75$ | | ns |
| t_{QVWX} | Data Valid to WR Transition | 23 | | $t_{CLCL}-20$ | | ns |
| t_{QVWH} | Data Valid to WR High | 433 | | $7t_{CLCL}-120$ | | ns |
| t_{WHQX} | Data Hold After WR | 33 | | $t_{CLCL}-20$ | | ns |
| t_{RLAZ} | RD Low to Address Float | | 0 | | 0 | ns |
| t_{WHLH} | RD or WR High to ALE High | 43 | 123 | $t_{CLCL}-20$ | $t_{CLCL}+25$ | ns |

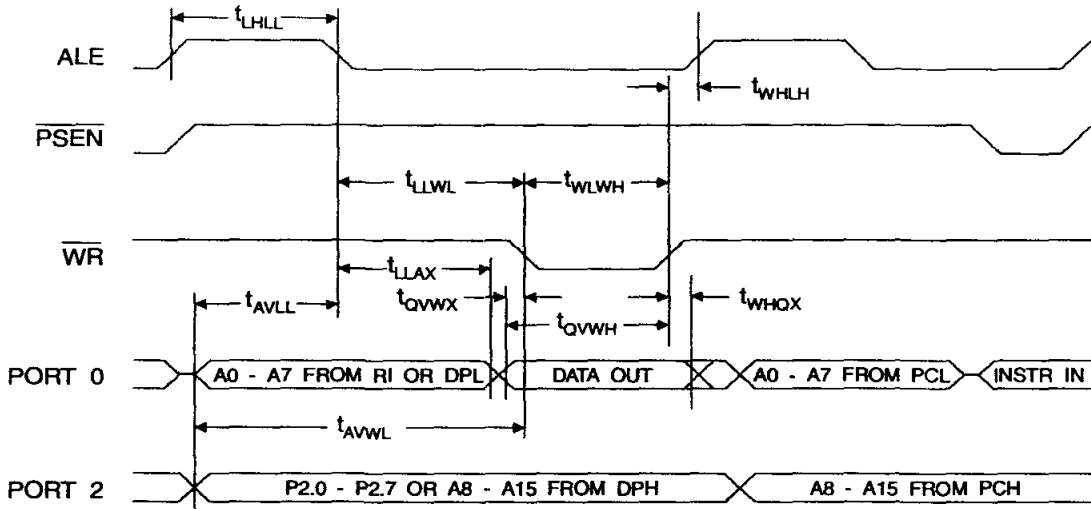
External Program Memory Read Cycle



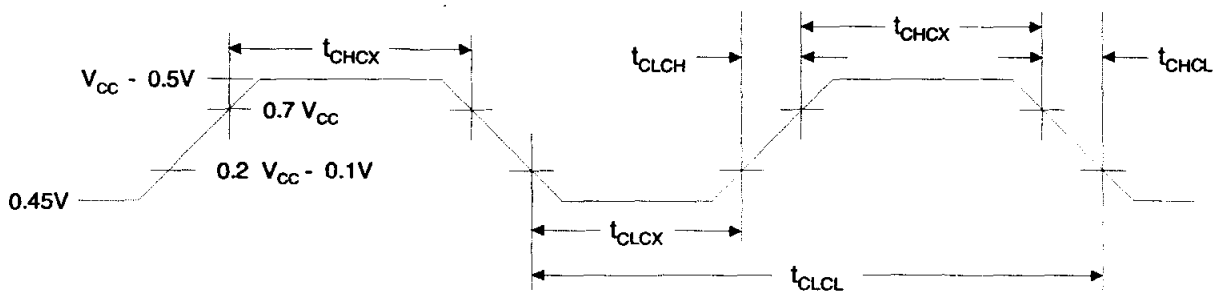
External Data Memory Read Cycle



External Data Memory Write Cycle



External Clock Drive Waveforms



External Clock Drive

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|------------|----------------------|------|-----|-------|
| f_{CLCL} | Oscillator Frequency | 0 | 24 | MHz |
| T_{CLCL} | Clock Period | 41.6 | | ns |
| T_{CHCX} | High Time | 15 | | ns |
| T_{CLCX} | Low Time | 15 | | ns |
| T_{CLCH} | Rise Time | | 20 | ns |
| T_{CHCL} | Fall Time | | 20 | ns |



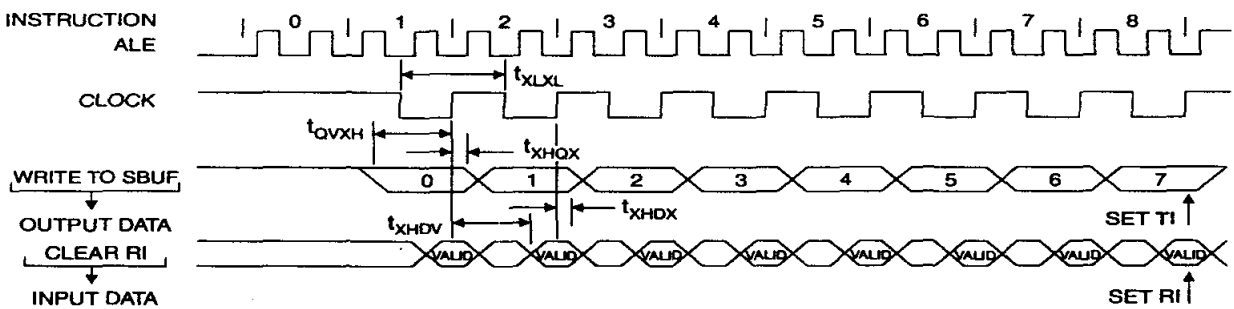


Serial Port Timing: Shift Register Mode Test Conditions

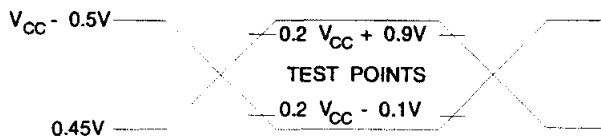
$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 20\%$; Load Capacitance = 80 pF)

| Symbol | Parameter | 12 MHz Osc | | Variable Oscillator | | Units |
|------------|--|------------|-----|---------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| t_{XLXL} | Serial Port Clock Cycle Time | 1.0 | | $12t_{CLCL}$ | | μs |
| t_{QVXH} | Output Data Setup to Clock Rising Edge | 700 | | $10t_{CLCL}-133$ | | ns |
| t_{XHGX} | Output Data Hold After Clock Rising Edge | 50 | | $2t_{CLCL}-117$ | | ns |
| t_{XHDX} | Input Data Hold After Clock Rising Edge | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t_{XHGV} | Clock Rising Edge to Input Data Valid | | 700 | | $10t_{CLCL}-133$ | ns |

Shift Register Mode Timing Waveforms

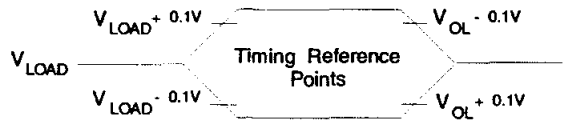


AC Testing Input/Output Waveforms⁽¹⁾



Note: 1. AC Inputs during testing are driven at $V_{CC} - 0.5\text{V}$ for a logic 1 and 0.45V for a logic 0. Timing measurements are made at V_{IH} min. for a logic 1 and V_{IL} max. for a logic 0.

Float Waveforms⁽¹⁾



Note: 1. For timing purposes, a port pin is no longer floating when a 100 mV change from load voltage occurs. A port pin begins to float when 100 mV change from the loaded V_{OH}/V_{OL} level occurs.

Ordering Information

| Speed (MHz) | Power Supply | Ordering Code | Package | Operation Range |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| 12 | 5V ± 20% | AT89C51-12AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | AT89C51-12JC | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-12PC | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-12QC | 44Q | |
| | | AT89C51-12AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | AT89C51-12JI | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-12PI | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-12QI | 44Q | |
| 16 | 5V ± 20% | AT89C51-16AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | AT89C51-16JC | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-16PC | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-16QC | 44Q | |
| | | AT89C51-16AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | AT89C51-16JI | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-16PI | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-16QI | 44Q | |
| 20 | 5V ± 20% | AT89C51-20AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | AT89C51-20JC | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-20PC | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-20QC | 44Q | |
| | | AT89C51-20AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | AT89C51-20JI | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-20PI | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-20QI | 44Q | |
| 24 | 5V ± 20% | AT89C51-24AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | AT89C51-24JC | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-24PC | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-24QC | 44Q | |
| | | AT89C51-24AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | AT89C51-24JI | 44J | |
| | | AT89C51-24PI | 40P6 | |
| | | AT89C51-24QI | 44Q | |

Package Type

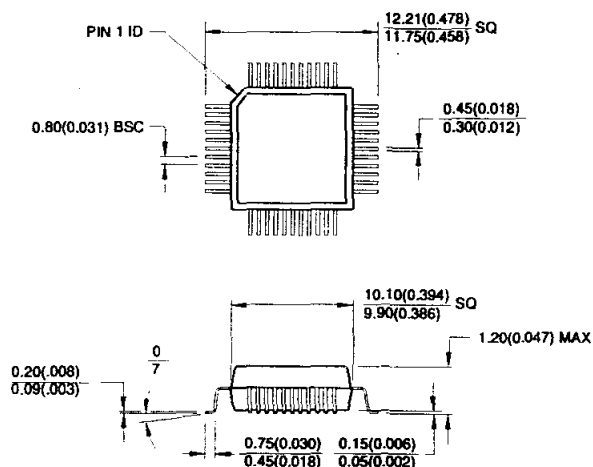
| | |
|-------------|--|
| 44A | 44-lead, Thin Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flatpack (TQFP) |
| 44J | 44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) |
| 40P6 | 40-lead, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP) |
| 44Q | 44-lead, Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flatpack (PQFP) |



Packaging Information

44A, 44-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flatpack (TQFP)

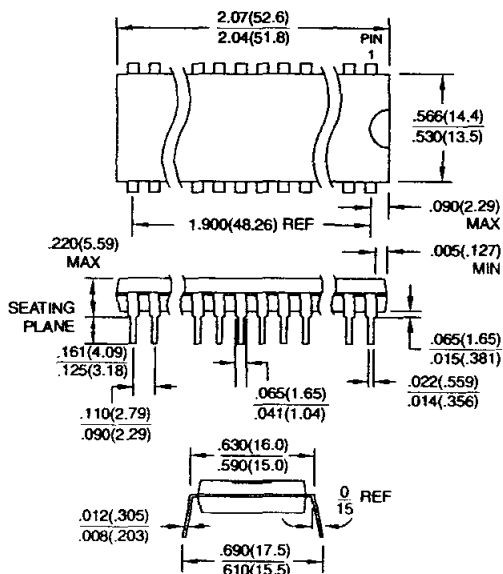
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)*
JEDEC STANDARD MS-026 ACB



Controlling dimension: millimeters

40P6, 40-lead, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)

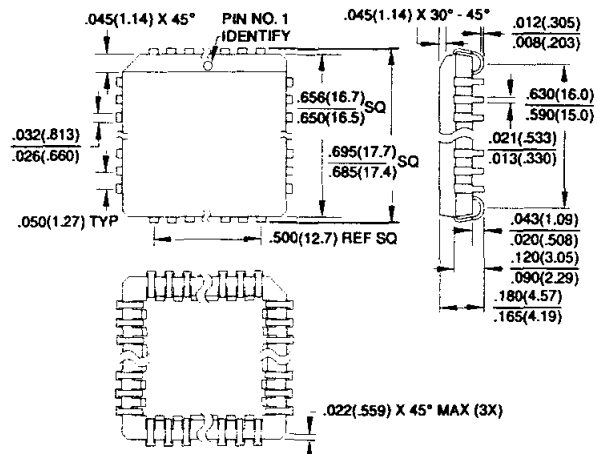
Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)



44J, 44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)

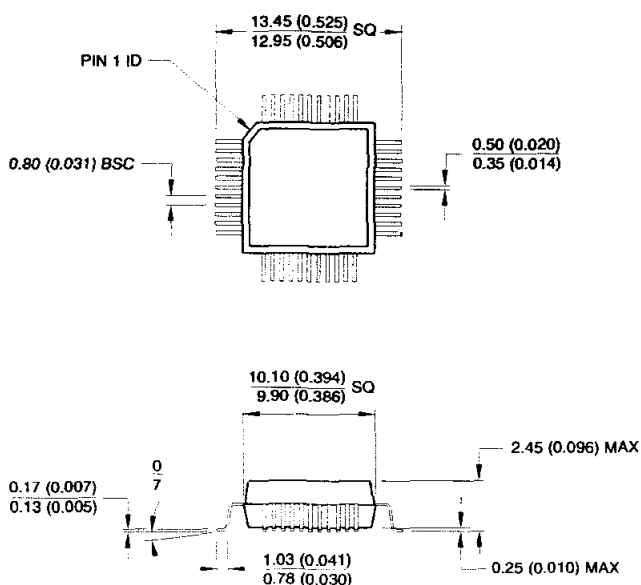
JEDEC STANDARD MS-018 AC



44Q, 44-lead, Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP)

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)*

JEDEC STANDARD MS-022 AB



Controlling dimension: millimeters



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