CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS
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This chapter is intended to present the conclusion and suggestions concerning this study.

5.1 Conclusion

A good composition is to possess five ultimate general elements, namely; grammar, content, form, style and mechanics. The mastery of cohesive devices, which is included in grammar, constitutes one of the essential qualities of good paragraph.

Mastering the elements of cohesion, namely; reference, substitution, ellipsis, conjunction and lexical cohesion will facilitate the writer express his idea smoothly and continuously as it bridges the thought gaps among sentences within paragraph. The mastery of cohesive devices also enables both writer and reader focussing where the core of each paragraph is flowing. As a result, the well-maintained and logically related sentences would be an advantage for both parties in gaining the essence of communication as the possibility of misunderstanding could be minimized to zero point.

After figuring the occurrences of cohesive devices discovered in all selected headline articles, it was uncovered that the utilization of the cohesive devices was as many as 1270 times, with the division of reference occupying the first rank with the total sum of 537 times (42.28%), followed by lexical cohesion
with the total occurrences of 447 times (37.55%). While the division of conjunction followed in the third place with the total amount of 168 times (13.22%). The division of substitution dwelled in the last place with zero occurrence.

5.2 Suggestions

Finally, the writer encourages himself to propose some suggestions dealing with this study.

1. The writer suggests that more variative implementation of the using of the items of cohesive devices, especially lexical cohesion should be further taken into consideration. This will eventually lead to a more creative writing products.

2. In addition, as the writer notified that the implementation of the using of the items of cohesive devices, especially conjunction is supposed to be more creative in the future time.

3. Instead of conjugating and removing some parts of the sentence, the news writers of The Indonesian Daily News could use substitution as an alternative.

4. Employing native speakers as the editors of the news written by the non-native ones would a great favor in elevating the status and quality of the news. This will at the end raise the competitiveness and, of course, the subscription rate of the media itself.

Finally, since this study was limited to time and samples, the writer is not fully in the position to judge that the finding of this study or the achievement of the cohesive devices encountered in the newspaper articles are typical to all
articles in the newspaper or in others. Thus, the writer suggests that this research is to be further conducted by using more samples taken from other headline articles in other English newspapers so that the result will reflect to the more achievement orders of cohesive devices encountered in the language of press.
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